

Year 7 French Knowledge Booklet Comment es-tu? Term 3

Name:

Class:



Les jours de la semaine	Days of the week
lundi	<i>Monday</i>
mardi	<i>Tuesday</i>
mercredi	<i>Wednesday</i>
jeudi	<i>Thursday</i>
vendredi	<i>Friday</i>
samedi	<i>Saturday</i>
dimanche	<i>Sunday</i>

Les mois de l'année	Months of the year
janvier	<i>January</i>
février	<i>February</i>
mars	<i>March</i>
avril	<i>April</i>
mai	<i>May</i>
juin	<i>June</i>
juillet	<i>July</i>
août	<i>August</i>
septembre	<i>September</i>
octobre	<i>October</i>
novembre	<i>November</i>
décembre	<i>December</i>

Les chiffres
Un
deux
trois
quatre
cinq
six
sept
huit
neuf
dix
onze
douze
treize
quatorze
quinze
seize
dix-sept
dix-huit
dix-neuf
vingt
vingt-et-un
vingt deux
vingt trois
vingt quatre
vingt cinq
vingt six
vingt sept
vingt huit
vingt neuf
trente
trente-et-un

La météo	The weather
Il fait du soleil	<i>it's sunny</i>
Il fait du vent	<i>it's windy</i>
Il fait froid	<i>it's cold</i>
Il fait chaud	<i>it's hot</i>
Il y a des nuages	<i>it's cloudy</i>
Il fait beau	<i>it's nice</i>
Il pleut	<i>it's raining</i>
Il neige	<i>it's snowing</i>
Il y a un orage	<i>it's stormy</i>

	a/an	the	Some (sing/plural)	The (plural)
M	un	le	du/des	les
F	une	la	de la/ des	les

Before a vowel the le/la have an apostrophe
e.g. l'enfant/l'amie and before a negative a
de/d' e.g. il n'y a pas de pain/d'animaux.

Big Questions:

1. Décris toi? - Describe yourself.
2. Que portes-tu? - What do you wear?
3. Décris une personne que tu connais - Describe a person that you know.

Grammar focus:

- To understand the use of possessive adjectives in French—and the gender differences—mon, ma, mes etc
- To understand that the adjective goes after the noun.
- To use the third person accurately (il and elle)

Count the letters

Underline the double vowels

Double underline the double letters

Dot the silent h

Look at the liaison

Exaggerate the accents

1	Hello I call myself Mélisande and I have thirteen years.	Salut je m'appelle Mélisande et j'ai treize ans.
2	I have the eyes brown	J'ai les yeux marron
3	and the hair long, curly and black.	Et les cheveux longs, boucles et noirs.
4	I am quite tall and slim	Je suis assez grande et mince
5	however, before I was small and chubby.	Cependant, avant j'étais petite et potelée.
6	When I am older, I would like to wear glasses	Quand je serai plus âgée, j'aimerais porter des lunettes.
7	and I want to have the red hair!	Et je veux les cheveux roux!
8	All the days, I wear jeans blue	Tous les jours, je porte un jean bleu
9	but I wear never a jacket.	Mais je ne porte jamais un blouson.
10	Yesterday, I wore a pink skirt.	Hier, j'ai porté une jupe rose.
11	Tomorrow, I am going to play football and	Demain, je vais jouer au foot et
12	therefore, I need to wear my football shirt.	donc, j'ai besoin de mon maillot.
13	I live with my family	J'habite avec ma famille
14	in a house small and white.	dans une petite maison blanche.
15	In my family we are four;	Dans ma famille nous sommes quatre;
16	My mother, my father, my brother and I.	ma mère, mon père, mon frère et moi.
17	My mother is tall, pretty and very generous.	Ma mère est grande, belle et très généreuse.
18	My father has forty five years and	Mon père a quarante cinq ans et
19	he is bald. He is also a little chubby	il est chauve. Il est aussi un peu potelé
20	but he likes to do sports.	Mais il aime faire le sport.
21	What are you like?	Tu es comment?

Hello I call myself Melisande and I have thirteen years.	S j m' a M e j' a t a.
I have the eyes brown	J' a l y m
and the hair long, curly and black.	E l c l, b e n.
I am quite tall and slim	J s a g e m
however, before I was small and chubby.	C, a j' e p e p.
When I am older, I would like to wear glasses	Q j s p a, j' a p d l.
and I want to have the red hair!	E j v l c r!
All the days, I wear jeans blue	T l j, j p u j b
but never I wear a jacket.	M j n p j u b.
Yesterday, I wore a pink skirt.	H, j' a p u j r.
Tomorrow, I am going to play football and	D, j v j a f e
therefore, I need to wear my football shirt.	d, j' a b d m m.
I live with my family	J' h a m f
in a house small and white.	d u p m b.
In my family we are four;	D m f n s q;
My mother, my father, my brother and I.	m m, m p, m f e m.
My mother is tall, pretty and very generous.	M m e g, b e t g.
My father has forty five years and	M p a q c a e
he is bald. He is also a little chubby	i e c. l e a u p p
but he likes to do sports.	M i a f l s.
What are you like?	T e c?

Top tens

1. English	French	Copy
I have the eyes blue	J'ai les yeux bleus	
I have the eyes brown	J'ai les yeux marron	
I have the eyes green	J'ai les yeux verts	
I have the eyes grey	J'ai les yeux gris	
she has the eyes hazel	Elle a les yeux chatains	
she has the hair brown	Elle a les cheveux marron	
he has the hair blonde	Il a les cheveux blonds	
he has the hair black	Il a les cheveux noirs	
I am a redhead (male)	J'ai les cheveux roux	
I have beautiful hair	j'ai de beaux cheveux	

2. English	French	Copy
I am bald	Je suis chauve	
I have freckles	J'ai des taches de rousseur	
I have the hair curly	J'ai les cheveux bouclés	
I have the hair wavy	J'ai les cheveux ondulés	
she has the hair straight	Elle a les cheveux raides	
she has the hair short	Elle a les cheveux courtes	
he has the hair long	Il a les chevuex longs	
to wear glasses	Porter des lunettes	
to have a beard	avoir une barbe	
to have a moustache	Avoir une moustache	

3. English	French	Copy
to wear	porter	
To have	avoir	
To be	être	
To talk	parler	
To listen	écouter	
To enjoy	s'amuser	
To like	aimer	
To live	habiter	
To go	aller	
To do	faire	

Top tens

4. English	French	Copy
red	rouge	
orange	orange	
blue	Bleu (e)	
green	Vert (e)	
pink	Rose	
yellow	Jaune	
brown	Marron	
black	Noir (e)	
purple	Violet (te)	
white	Blanc (he)	

5. English	French	Copy
tall	Grand (e)	
short	Petit (e)	
thin	mince	
chubby	Potelé (e)	
nice	sympa	
kind	Gentil (le)	
funny	Amusant (e)	
shy	timide	
pretty	Joli (e)	
good-looking	beau	

6. English	French	Copy
fun	Marrant(e)	
generous	Généreux (se)	
naughty	Coquin (e)	
hard-working	Travailleur (se)	
chatty	Bavard (e)	
clever	Intelligent (e)	
sporty	Sportif (ve)	
selfish	égoïste	
diligent	Diligent (e)	
eloquent	Éloquent (e)	

Wider Reading 1:

The Stade De France



The Stade de France is the national stadium of France. The Stade de France is an amazing arena that serves as the national stadium of France. It was built especially for the FIFA World Cup of 1998 which was held in France that year.

The stadium is located just north of Paris. The location of the stadium had to be as close as possible to the city of Paris once a decision was made to build a new national stadium. Since there wasn't any space left within the borders of Paris, it had to be built in a community bordering the city. That's why the Stade de France was built in the city of "Saint-Denis." This town is located just north of Paris and about 9.4 kilometers (5.8 miles) away from the city center, which means it's pretty much part of the metropolitan area of France's capital.

It's not the largest football stadium in Europe but holds another record

The stadium has a seating capacity of 80,698 spectators for football and rugby games and is able to seat 78,338 people for athletics events.

These numbers make it just the 8th-largest stadium in Europe and it doesn't even rank in the top 30 largest stadiums in the world.

One of the most fascinating features of the stadium is its magnificent roof. It doesn't just protect every seat from rain but also doesn't cover any part of the playing field, nor is any part of the field obstructed.

The roof weighs a whopping 13,000 tonnes (yes, that's 13 million kilos!), covers an area of 6 hectares (14.82 acres), and about €45 million was spent to build.

The stadium will be the main venue of the 2024 Summer Olympics

The stadium is owned and managed by the "Consortium Stade de France." This means that it will continue to be the venue for numerous big events in the future as well.

Some of the most notable are the 2023 Rugby World Cup, in which it will host both pool games and the final. The other notable event is the 2024 Summer Olympics. The stadium will host both the opening and closing ceremonies and serve as the main venue of the athletics events too!

Wider Reading 2:

Five facts about the French region of Brittany



1. Brittany has a very unique culture and a language of its own

Brittany is one of the most unique regions in France. Alongside Alsace, it has its own language (“Breton”), which is very prevalent locally, and that most people, especially in the countryside, speak. On top of that, every road sign is written in both French and Breton.

You guessed it, the people there are very proud of their identity.



2. There are more than 2,700 km / 1,677 miles of coastline in Brittany

Brittany features some of the most beautiful beaches and coasts.

There are over 2,700 km / 1,677 miles of wonderful coastline in the westernmost region of France. The most famous places are Saint-Malo, La Baule, Perros-Guirec and Trébeurden. You can find everything you are looking for, whether it is a sandy beach or a rocky seaside.

3. Brittany is one of the best places in France to eat seafood

Seriously, Brittany is the seafood lover’s heaven. Wherever you go, you will see seafood in some sort being produced, fished or eaten. It is so popular there that it actually accounts for 80% of France’s shellfish production!

If you go to specific locations (small ports generally), you can even buy seafood straight from the fishing boats!

4. Just like in most coastal regions, sailing is very popular in Brittany

Seamen are an important part of the culture in Brittany. In fact, the sea in general is, in one way or another, everywhere.

Sailing is a very popular activity, especially during summer. In any of the main seaside resorts, you will find the equipment you need, and even lessons if you are new to the sport.

5. In France, Brittany is renowned to have an exceptionally poor weather

If you ask any French how it is like in Brittany, the first word that they will probably say is most probably “rainy”.

Is that true though? Not really! While there are a bit more rainy days than the national average, there are not too many clouds. In the South of the region, there is even more than 2,000 hours of sun per year!

Wider Reading 3:

French Rapper : Stromae



Who is Stromae?

Paul Van Haver, who is more commonly known by his stage name Stromae, is a Belgian musician, rapper, singer, and songwriter. Born in Brussels, he began his career at the age of 18, with a rap group named 'Suspicion'. Later, while studying at the film school of Brussels, he decided to release his debut EP. After signing a 4-year record deal with 'Because Music' and 'Kilomaitre', he released his debut album 'Cheese'. It did well commercially, topping the Belgian Albums Chart, and standing at the sixth position on the French Albums Chart. His second album 'Racine carree' was an even greater success. It peaked at the first position on the French Albums chart as well as the US World Albums. It was also praised by critics. Stromae has sold over 8.5 million records worldwide till date. He has been nominated for five UK Music Video Awards and is the winner of several other awards, such as the NRJ Music Award and the MTV Europe Music Award.

In 2001, he began his career with the stage name Opmaesatro, later changing it to Stromae. He founded a rap group later known as 'Suspicion' along with rapper J.E.D.I. They produced a song and music video titled 'Faut qu't'arretes le rap'. He also worked for some time in the hospitality industry.

Later, while studying at the film school of Brussels, he decided to focus fully on his musical career. He soon released his debut EP 'Juste un cerveau un flow, un fond et un mic'. For some time, he also worked as a trainee at the music radio station NRJ located in Brussels. His talent earned him the appreciation of the music manager Vincent Verbelen. His first single 'Alors on danse' was aired for the first time on NRJ and was met with a good response from the listeners.

Paul Van Haver was born in Brussels, Belgium on 12th March 1985. His mother is Belgian while his father was Rwandan. As his father died during the Rwandan Genocide, he and his siblings were raised by his mother. He attended a Roman Catholic Jesuit school. He was not very good in academics, which is why he decided to pursue a career in music. His music is heavily inspired by Belgian New Beat music and Congolese music.

He has been married to Coralie Barbier since 2015. They got married in a private ceremony held in Mechelen, Belgium on 12th December.

KEY TEXT TERM 1—All about me

1	I call myself Eric and I have twelve years.	Je m'appelle Éric et j'ai douze ans
2	The nine of October is my birthday and	le neuf octobre c'est mon anniversaire et
3	that of my brother is the five of January.	celui de mon frère est le cinq janvier.
4	This year I will have thirteen years	Cette année je vais avoir treize ans
5	and my brother, who is called Leon,	et mon frère, qui s'appelle Léon,
6	is going to celebrate his twenty-two years.	il va fêter ses vingt-deux ans.
7	I am a bit lazy but very funny.	Je suis juste un peu paresseux mais très rigolo
8	I live in Nantes, in the city centre.	J'habite à Nantes, au centre-ville.
9	In my family we are five: my mum, my dad,	Dans ma famille nous sommes cinq : ma mère, mon père.
10	my brother eldest,	mon frère aîné,
11	and my sister younger.	et ma petite sœur.
12	My sister is called Julie and	Ma sœur s'appelle Julie et
13	when I was more young I got on with her,	quand elle était plus petite je m'entendais avec elle,
14	but now she annoys me because	mais maintenant elle m'embête car
15	she is a joker and makes me march on! (teases me)	elle est blagueuse et elle me fait marcher !
16	If only she could be more nice!	Si seulement elle pouvait être plus gentille !
17	I like to live with my family,	J'aime vivre avec ma famille,
18	however, I would like to live	pourtant, j'aimerais vivre
19	with my brother older in the future	avec mon frère aîné à l'avenir
20	because we understand each other (get on).	parce que nous nous comprenons.
21	My brother is very tall, good-looking and quite kind,	Mon frère est très grand, beau et plutôt gentil,
22	also he is a little chatty.	aussi il est un peu papoteur.
23	The week nearing, I am going to chat	La semaine prochaine je vais chatter
24	with my friends on Internet.	avec mes copains en ligne.
25	The week last, I am gone to the cinema	La semaine dernière, je suis allé au ciné
26	and I have seen a film with my best friend.	et j'ai regardé un film avec mon meilleur ami.
27	And your family, how are they?	Et ta famille, ils sont comment ?

KEY TEXT TERM 2—Free time

1	Good day, I call myself Aymeric and I am French.	Bonjour, Je m'appelle Aymeric et je suis français.
2	I live in the outskirts of Strasbourg	J'habite dans la banlieue de Strasbourg
3	with my grandparents and my sister.	avec mes grand-parents et ma soeur.
4	I have eleven years and	J'ai onze ans et
5	I am very chatty.	Je suis très bavard.
6	In my time free,	Dans mon temps libre,
7	I have to say that	Il faut que je dise que
8	I do whatever I want or whatever I fancy	Je fais ce que je veux ou ce que j'ai envie.
9	I love to do sports, but	J'adore faire du sport, mais
10	although it is expensive,	même si c'est cher,
11	I prefer to go shopping in the centre	Je préfère faire les magasins dans le centre
12	because it is very fun.	Parce que c'est très amusant.
13	At the weekend,	Le weekend,
14	I usually meet up with friends in the park,	D'habitude je retrouve mes amis au parc,
15	My grandma says that	Ma grand-mère dit
16	I play too much with my iphone	Je joue trop avec mon iphone
17	and the networks socials at home. How annoying!	Et les reseaux sociaux chez moi. Trop énervant
18	She thinks that I am lazy but	Elle pense que je suis paresseux mais
19	yesterday I did my homework	hier, j'ai fais mes devoirs
20	and I too much played videogames in my bedroom.	j'ai trop joué aux jeux vidéos dans ma chambre.
21	The Sunday next,	Dimanche prochain,
22	I am going to visit my grandma	Je vais rendre visite à ma grand-mère
23	because it will be my birthday.	Car ce sera mon anniversaire
24	What do you do in your time free?	Quel est ton passe-temps préféré?

French home learning tools

quizlet: <https://quizlet.com/join/sr9zurhbt>

Join the class above to start learning necessary vocabulary to help prepare you for gcse french.

lyricstraining: <https://lyricstraining.com/fr/>

Fill in the words in popular french music songs.

Seneca learning ks3 french for free

<https://www.senecalearning.com/>

French basics with basho and friends:

<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=pl000ae5fc858ad0af>

Extra en français : sam goes to paris and learns french

– like friends but much cornier!

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eanqp4fxh-s>

bbc bitesize french.

duolingo

memrise

Netflix

⇒ **look for french language versions of series, there are lots.**

Online magazine

Website: <https://fr.maryglasgowplus.com/magazines/issues/Allons-y-avril-mai-2020-134108>

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