

Year 9 Spanish Knowledge Booklet Mi vida diaria Unit 3

Name:

Class:



Los días de la semana	Days of the week
lunes	<i>Monday</i>
martes	<i>Tuesday</i>
miércoles	<i>Wednesday</i>
jueves	<i>Thursday</i>
viernes	<i>Friday</i>
sábado	<i>Saturday</i>
domingo	<i>Sunday</i>

Los meses del año	Months of the year
enero	<i>January</i>
febrero	<i>February</i>
marzo	<i>March</i>
abril	<i>April</i>
mayo	<i>May</i>
junio	<i>June</i>
julio	<i>July</i>
agosto	<i>August</i>
septiembre	<i>September</i>
octubre	<i>October</i>
noviembre	<i>November</i>
diciembre	<i>December</i>

Los números
1. uno
2. dos
3. tres
4. cuatro
5. cinco
6. seis
7. siete
8. ocho
9. nueve
10. diez
11. once
12. doce
13. trece
14. catorce
15. quince
16. dieciséis
17. diecisiete
18. dieciocho
19. diecinueve
20. veinte
21. veintiuno
22. veintidos
23. veintitres
24. veinticuatro
25. veinticinco
26. veintiseis
27. veintisiete
28. veintiocho
29. veintinueve
30. treinta
31. treinta y uno

El tiempo	The weather
hace sol	<i>it's sunny</i>
hace viento	<i>it's windy</i>
hace frío	<i>it's cold</i>
hace calor	<i>it's hot</i>
está nublado	<i>it's cloudy</i>
está despejado	<i>it's clear</i>
está lloviendo	<i>it's raining</i>
está nevando	<i>it's snowing</i>
hay tormenta	<i>it's stormy</i>

	masculine singular	feminine singular	masculine plural	feminine plural
definite article	el	la	los	las
	the	the	the	the
indefinite article	un	una	unos	unas
	a	a	some	some

Classroom language:

Atención!	Attention/show me your best!
señora, la respuesta es...	miss, the answer is....
es fácil/difícil	it's easy/hard
más fuerte	louder
más claro	clearer
ánimo	more convincingly
¿cómo se dice..... en Español?	how do you say in Spanish?
¿qué significa.....?	what does mean?



Big Questions:

1. ¿Qué sueles hacer durante la semana?

What do you usually do during the week?

2. ¿Qué haces durante el fin de semana?

What do you do at the weekend?

3. ¿Qué vas a hacer mañana?

What are you going to do tomorrow?

Grammar focus:

- Talk about regular actions using reflexive verbs
- Use adverbs of time to add detail to phrases
- Use the near future to talk about plans

Count the letters

Underline the double vowels

Double underline the double letters

Dot the silent h, the throaty g, j, and x

Look at the 'll'

Exaggerate the accents

Key text

1	Hello, I am Valeria and I am from San Javier. I have seventeen years.	Hola, soy Valeria y soy de San Javier. Tengo diecisiete años.
2	All the days, I wake myself up at the six	Todos los días, me despierto a las seis
3	because I get myself up early.	porque me levanto temprano.
4	I breakfast very quickly because	Desayuno muy rápido porque
5	always I take grilled toast with butter.	siempre tomo tostadas con mantequilla.
6	I dress myself with my uniform of school.	Me visto con mi uniforme del insti.
7	I go to school on bike or on moped if it is windy.	Voy al instituto en bici o en moto si hace viento.
8	Saturday in the morning I run, but	Sábado por la mañana corro, pero
9	during the afternoon, I have free time.	por la tarde, tengo tiempo libre.
10	Sometimes, I help to my parents with the chores in house.	A veces, ayudo a mis padres con las tareas en casa.
11	I prefer to go to the main square with my friends,	Prefiero ir a la plaza principal con mis amigos,
12	but, my Dad is very strict.	pero, mi padre es muy severo.
13	I would like that he were more relaxed.	Me gustaría que sea más relajado.
14	However, I should tidy my room and I have to do my homework also.	Sin embargo yo debería arreglar mi dormitorio y tengo que hacer mis deberes también.
15	The Sundays, I sleep until late and	Los domingos, duermo hasta tarde y
16	I watch the TV until the early hours.	veo la televisión hasta la madrugada.
17	After, I spend time with my family and then	Después, paso tiempo con mi familia y luego
18	I meet with my friends in the centre.	me quedo con mis amigos en el centro.
19	I can go by bus or cable car.	Puedo ir en autobús o teleférico.
20	I myself go to bed at the nine in the night.	Me acuesto a las nueve por la noche.
21	Today, it is Sunday, I myself woke up late and I went to the centre	Hoy es domingo, me desperté tarde y fui al centro
22	but, tomorrow it will be Monday therefore I'm going to go to school.	pero mañana será lunes así que voy a ir al instituto.
23	I'm going to myself get up early. In the evening, I'm going to read a comic online.	Voy a levantarme temprano. Por la tarde, voy a leer un tebeo en línea.
24	What do you do normally?	¿Qué haces normalmente?

Key text with code

1	Hello, I am Valeria and I am from San Javier. I have seventeen years.	H, s V y s d S J. T d a.
2	All the days, I wake myself up at the six	T l d, m d a l s
3	because I get myself up early.	p m l t
4	I breakfast very quickly because	D m r p
5	always I take grilled toast with butter.	s t t c m
6	I dress myself with my uniform of school.	M v c m u d i
7	I go to school on bike or on moped if it is windy.	V a i e b o e m s h v
8	Saturday in the morning I run, but	S p l m c, p
9	during the afternoon, I have free time.	p l t, t t l
10	Sometimes, I help to my parents with the chores in house.	A v a a m p c l t e c
11	I prefer to go to the main square with my friends,	P i a l p p c m a
12	but, my Dad is very strict.	p m p e m s
13	I would like that he were more relaxed.	M g q s m r
14	However, I should tidy my room and I have to do my homework also.	S e y d a m d y t q h m d t
15	The Sundays, I sleep until late and	L d, d h t y
16	I watch the TV until the early hours.	v l t h l m.
17	After, I spend time with my family and then	D p t c m f y l
18	I meet my friends in the centre.	m q c m a e e c
19	I can go on bus or cable car.	P i e a o t
20	I myself go to bed at the nine in the night.	M a a l n p l n
21	Today, it is Sunday, I myself woke up late and I went to the centre	H e d, m d t y f a c
22	but, tomorrow it will be Monday therefore I'm going to go to school.	p m s l a q v a i a i
23	I'm going to myself get up early. In the evening, I'm going to read a comic online.	V a l t. P l t v a l u t e l
24	What do you do normally?	¿Q h n?

Top 10s - 1

1	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	I wake up	me despierto		
	I get up	me levanto		
	I eat	como		
	I go to bed	me acuesto		
	I get dressed	me visto		
	I go	voy		
	I help	ayudo		
	I meet with	me quedo con		
	I want	quiero		
	I run	corro		

2	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	to wake up	despertarse		
	to get up	levantarse		
	to eat	comer		
	to go to bed	acostarse		
	to get dressed	vestirse		
	to go	ir		
	to help	ayudar		
	to meet with	quedarme con		
	to watch	querer		
	to run	correr		

3	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	by bike	en bici		
	on foot	a pie		
	by bus	en autobús		
	by car	en coche		
	by cable car	en teleférico		
	strict	severo		
	relaxed	relajado		
	kind	simpático		
	unkind	antipático		
	great	genial		

Top 10s - 2

4	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	Monday	lunes		
	Tuesday	martes		
	Wednesday	miércoles		
	Thursday	jueves		
	Friday	viernes		
	Saturday	sábado		
	Sunday	domingo		
	in the morning	por la mañana		
	in the afternoon	por la tarde		
	in the night	por la noche		

5	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	I do	hago		
	you do	haces		
	he/she does	hace		
	we do	hacemos		
	they do	hacen		
	I can	puedo		
	you do	puedes		
	he/she does	puede		
	we can	podemos		
	they can	pueden		

6	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	I'm going to do	voy a hacer		
	I'm going to watch	voy a ver		
	I'm going to go	voy a ir		
	I'm going to meet con	voy a quedarme con		
	I'm going to buy	voy a comprar		
	I'm going to get up	voy a levantarme		
	I'm going to go to bed	voy a acostarme		
	I'm going to dance	voy a bailar		
	I'm going to download	voy a descargar		
	I'm going to look for	voy a buscar		

Revision: Translations

	English	Spanish
1	Everyday I myself wake up at seven hours.	
2	Hello, I am Jasper and I come from England. I have seventeen years.	
3	I eat always of cheese and ham.	
4	The Friday morning, I run but the afternoon, I have free time.	
5	I go to school either on bike either on moped if it is cold.	
6	Sometimes, I help my parents.	
7		Prefiero ir a la plaza principal con mis amigos.
8		Tomo tostadas muy temprano por la mañana.
9		Veó la televisión con mis hermanas menores.
10		Los domingos, me acuesto a las diez por la noche.
11		A veces, me quedo con mis amigos en el centro.
12		No me gusta ayudar a mis padres en casa.

Revision: Reading comprehension

Read the text and write what it says about each of the Spanish activities in the table.

Hola, me llamo Leo y soy de España. Normalmente, me levanto a las ocho pero me despierto a las seis porque veo la televisión en mi dormitorio. Desayuno a las ocho y media, tomo cereales con leche. Cuando voy al insti, me quedo con mis amigos en el parque y voy a pie. No me gusta ayudar a mis padres en casa. Siempre me acuesto a las diez menos cuarto por la noche.

<i>I get up at 8 o'clock</i>	me levanto
	me despierto
	como
	me quedo con
	voy
	ayudo
	me acuesto
	veo la televisión

Key Text Revision

1	Hello, I am Valeria and I am from San Javier. I have seventeen years.	
2	All the days, I wake myself up at the six	
3	because I get myself up early.	
4	I breakfast very quickly because	
5	always I take grilled toast with butter.	
6	I dress myself with my uniform of school.	
7	I go to school on bike or on moped if it is windy.	
8	Saturday in the morning I run, but	
9	during the afternoon, I have free time.	
10	Sometimes, I help to my parents with the chores in house.	
11	I prefer to go to the main square with my friends,	
12	but, my Dad is very strict.	
13	I would like that he were more relaxed.	
14	However, I should tidy my room and I have to do my homework also.	
15	The Sundays, I sleep until late and	
16	I watch the TV until the early hours.	
17	After, I spend time with my family and then	
18	I meet my friends in the centre.	
19	I can go on bus or cable car.	
20	I myself go to bed at the nine in the night.	
21	Today, it is Sunday, I myself woke up late and I went to the centre	
22	but, tomorrow it will be Monday therefore I'm going to go to school.	
23	I'm going to myself get up early. In the evening, I'm going to read a comic online.	
24	What do you do normally?	

Will Spain ever ban bullfighting?



Bullfighting in some form or other has existed in Spain since at least Roman times, and the most typical current format involving a matador with a cape and sword took its definitive shape in the 18th Century.

"It's a cultural tradition. As something for which I risk my life for on a regular basis, it demands respect and bullfighting is going through a crucial time," says Juan Diego Vicente, current president of Spain's Bullfighters' Union (UT).

According to government figures, only 9.5% of Spaniards went to a bullfighting event, either professional or amateur, in 2015.

"We are convinced that bullfighting is literally dying on its feet, and the prohibition that was achieved in Catalonia will become a reality in the rest of Spain," argues Silvia Barquero, leader of Pacma, the country's leading animal rights party.

Pacma attracted over a million votes in Spain's general election in June, although it failed to win any seats.

"Society has undergone a fundamental change. Spaniards no longer identify with bullfights, but, on the contrary, they consider them to be grave cases of animal abuse," argues Ms Barquero.

Wider Reading 2

Spanish Civil War

The Spanish Civil War started in July 1936. It was between the leftist Republicans, who were in government at the time, and the Nationalists. The right wing Nationalists were led by the army and had the support of the Catholic Church, monarchists and large landowners.

There were a number of issues that directly led to the outbreak of the Spanish Civil War. The greatest of these was the long period of decline that Spain had suffered since the days of the Spanish Empire. By 1930 Spain had lost all of her empire and was lagging behind the rest of Europe industrially. The monarchy was overthrown and the Second Empire formed in 1930. This government proved to be completely inept at carrying out reforms and maintaining law and order.

Divisions continued to widen between the towns and the countryside and the wealthy landowners and peasants. Many areas of the country wanted to have their own government and wanted independence from the rest of Spain. The Church was one of the most powerful forces in the country and it was strongly opposed to social reform therefore it was vehemently opposed to the Republican government. The army had always had a history of meddling in the country's politics. The senior commanders were constantly worried about the amount of influence that Communists had in the government and were concerned that there might eventually be a Communist takeover. Violence had always been an inherent part of all attempts at democratic elections. Quite often the genuine results were altered due to intimidation and other tactics. Spain was quite literally ready to explode and the final spark that lit the fuse of war was the assassination of the right wing leader, Calvo Sotelo, in July 1936.

One of the main reasons General Franco and the Nationalists were victorious after three years of war was that the army was on their side. The Republicans did manage to train their own troops and they had become a good fighting force by the end of the conflict but it was not enough against the professional soldiers. There were some soldiers who defected from the army and went to fight for the Republicans but they were often suspected of being spies for the Nationalists and their expertise was not made use of. General Franco had taken all of the various Nationalist groups and unified them into a far stronger force than the Republicans. He also had far more support from other countries than the Nationalists did. Germany and Italy provided troops and equipment throughout the war.

Wider Reading 3

At COP26, Pedro Sánchez announces that Spain will increase climate finance

The President of the Government of Spain, Pedro Sánchez, in November 2021, took part in the first plenary session of speeches by Heads of State and Government at the 26th edition of the United Nations Climate Change Conference (COP26).

The Conference is marked by the impact of the pandemic and the uneven access of countries to COVID-19 vaccines.

President Sánchez spoke first during the segment dedicated to presentations by national leaders, as a gesture of recognition of Spain's leadership on climate change, reflected in the approval of a Climate Change and Energy Transition Law; the decision to allocate almost 30 billion euros from the Recovery Plan to ecological transition; and Spain's organisation of COP25 in Madrid, following Chile's resignation, at a very difficult time in the fight against climate alarm.

Pedro Sánchez recalled that, since the last conference held in the Spanish capital in 2019, "the certainty of the catastrophic risks" of the climate emergency is growing.

Greater ambition

In light of this scientific evidence, the President of the Government of Spain has called for "greater ambition" in the goals of the fight against climate change and "backing" these goals with economic resources, so that society perceives the ecological transition "not as a threat, but as a great engine of inclusive economic growth".

The fulfilment of the goal of financing the poorest countries with 100 billion dollars per year so that they too can join the energy transition is one of the "litmus tests of COP26" in terms of "restoring trust between the countries of the North and the South. Spain will do its part", assured the President of the Government of Spain.

In line with this goal, Sánchez has announced that Spain will increase climate finance in order to reach 2025 with a 50% increase in the current commitment. "Our aim is to reach 1.35 billion euros per year from 2025" in financial aid to less developed countries, so that they can face a sustainable and just energy transition, said the President.

To this commitment, Spain will also add the donation of 20% of its new Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) to vulnerable countries: a minimum of 350 million to the IMF's Poverty Reduction Facility and the rest to the new Resilience and Sustainability Fund, once it has been created.

Key Text Year 8:
Unit 1, Food and drink 1

1	Hello, I call myself Bruno, I am Venezuelan and I love the food.	Hola, me llamo Bruno, soy venezolano y me encanta la comida.
2	Always I want food Mexican	Siempre quiero comida mexicana
3	because I love the spicy.	porque me chifla el picante.
4	Normally I breakfast beans, cheese and bread	Normalmente desayuno frijoles, queso y pan
5	however, I have to say that,	sin embargo, tengo que decir que,
6	sometimes I take (have) churros with chocolate.	a veces tomo churros con chocolate.
7	I would say that, I am a person quite healthy but	Diría que, soy una persona bastante sana pero
8	never I eat salads because they are tasteless. How gross.	nunca como ensaladas porque son insípidas. ¡Qué asco!
9	My mum says that	Mi madre dice que
10	we should eat	deberíamos comer
11	more fruits and vegetables but of truth	más frutas y verduras pero de verdad
12	in my judgement, the food junk is delicious and	a mi juicio, la comida basura es deliciosa y
13	so rich!	¡tan rica!
14	If I can, always I dinner burgers with a bit of tomato.	Si puedo, siempre ceno hamburguesas con un poco de tomate.
15	Yesterday I went on a picnic with my family and luckily later	Ayer fui de picnic con mi familia y afortunadamente luego
16	I dined in a restaurant but	cené en un restaurante pero
17	the difficult is that my sister is vegetarian. My goodness, sisters!	lo difícil es que mi hermana es vegetariana. ¡Madre mía, hermanas!
18	I ate garlic prawns with a sauce tasty	Comí gambas al ajillo con una salsa sabrosa
19	and I drank a lemonade fresh.	y bebí una limonada fresca.
20	My brother ate twelve wings of chicken. What a legend!	Mi hermano comió doce alas de pollo. ¡Qué leyenda!
21	When I am older,	Cuando sea mayor,
22	I am going to eat less food unhealthy.	voy a comer menos comida malsana
23	What do you like to eat and drink?	¿Qué te gusta comer y beber?

Key Text Year 8:

Unit 2, School

1	Good morning, I am Adriana and I am from Peru, I am Peruvian.	Buenos días, soy Adriana y soy de Perú, soy peruana.
2	I attend a school mixed and public	Asisto a un instituto mixto y público
3	which is called Santa María.	que se llama Santa María.
4	All the days	Todos los días
5	I enter at the seven and half	entro a las siete y media
6	and the first class starts at the eight, what a nightmare!	y la primera clase empieza a las ocho, ¡qué pesadilla!
7	But never I arrive late.	Pero nunca llego tarde.
8	My day school finishes at the four and ten. At last!	Mi día escolar termina a las cuatro y diez. ¡por fin!
9	In my school, there are two thousand students and	En mi insti, hay dos mil alumnos y
10	all to me seems modern and huge because	todo me parece moderno e inmenso porque
11	we have many facilities and spaces green. What luck!	tenemos muchas instalaciones y espacios verdes. ¡qué suerte!
12	There are three canteens, a new gym and a playground.	Hay tres cafeterías, un nuevo gimnasio y un patio.
13	My subject favourite is history	Mi asignatura favorita es historia
14	because to me it seems fascinating.	porque me parece fascinante.
15	My teacher of English is kind	Mi profesor de inglés es simpático
16	although English is boring. How dull!	aunque el inglés es aburrido. ¡Qué rollo!
17	That which most I like is	Lo que más me gusta es
18	the court of volleybol	la pista de voleibol
19	because I can play with my friends.	porque puedo jugar con mis amigas.
20	I would like to form part of the team school.	Me gustaría formar parte del equipo escolar.
21	When I was more young,	Cuando era más joven,
22	I used to attend a school primary very small.	asistía a una escuela primaria muy pequeña.
23	I liked it much.	Me gustaba mucho.
24	When I am older	Cuando sea mayor
25	I'm going to go to university	voy a ir a la universidad
26	and I am interested in studying philology.	y me interesa estudiar filología.
27	How is your school?	¿Cómo es tu insti?

Key Text Year 8:

Unit 3, holidays

1	Hello, I'm Salvador and I'm from Chile. I'm Chilean	Hola, soy Salvador y soy de Chile. Soy chileno.
2	I'm going to talk of my routine daily and my trips.	Voy a hablar de mi rutina diaria y mis viajes.
3	All the days I go to the secondary school	Todos los días voy al instituto
4	which calls itself San Andrés.	que se llama San Andrés.
5	After of the school, I go to the shop and then to the park with my brother younger.	Después del insti, voy a la tienda y luego al parque con mi hermano menor.
6	I usually to buy sweets,	Suelo comprar caramelos,
7	that said, when it is cold	dicho eso, cuando hace frío
8	we go straight to house with our mum.	vamos directo a casa con nuestra madre.
9	Yesterday, I bought some gummy worms in the shop	Ayer, compré unos gusanitos en la tienda
10	whilst my brother was playing outside in the street.	mientras mi hermano jugaba fuera por la calle.
11	Just so you know,	Para que lo sepas,
12	my activity favourite is travelling .	mi actividad favorito es viajar.
13	Last year, I went on holiday to Uruguay	El año pasado, fui de vacaciones a Uruguay
14	and I ate a steak tasty and huge.	y comí un bistec sabroso y inmenso.
15	We went in August and	Fuimos en agosto y
16	it did lots hot .	hacía mucho calor.
17	It was super cool and liked it a lot.	Fue súper guay y me gustó mucho.
18	We went in plane and it was out of this world.	Fuimos en avión y fue de otro mundo.
19	The beaches were stunning and	Las playas eran preciosas y
20	I did lots activities.	hice muchas actividades.
21	I did sailing and then	Hice vela y luego
22	I took the sun and I relaxed on the beach.	tomé el sol y descansé en la playa.
23	This August, I don't think that I go to abroad. What a pain!	Este agosto, no pienso que vaya al extranjero. ¡Qué pena!
24	Nevertheless, in the future I am going to go	No obstante, en el futuro voy a ir
25	to Guatemala and it will be mad.	a Guatemala y será de locos.
26	Where did you go on holiday?	¿Adónde fuiste de vacaciones ?

Key Text Year 8:
Unit 4, sporting and music events

1	Hello, I'm David and I am from Cuba. I am Cuban.	Hola, soy David y soy de Cuba. Soy cubano.
2	I am crazy about sports.	Me flipan los deportes.
3	Therefore, I think that	Así que, pienso que
4	the games olympic	los juegos olímpicos
5	and other events of sport are amazing.	y otros acontecimientos de deporte son asombrosos.
6	I'm going to go to a tournament national of diving soon and	Voy a ir un torneo nacional de salto pronto y
7	I will go with my best friend.	iré con mi mejor amigo.
8	If it were possible,	Si fuera posible,
9	I would love	me encantaría
10	to attend a match of football because	asistir a un partido de fútbol porque
11	my dream is to be footballer.	mi sueño es ser futbolista.
12	The players professionals are majestic and	Los jugadores profesionales son majestuosos y
13	I admire a lot to the captain.	admiro mucho al capitán.
14	However, according to my sister	Sin embargo, según mi hermana
15	horse riding is the best.	la equitación es lo mejor.
16	As for music, I am irritated by the music of metal because	En cuanto a la música, me irrita la música de metal porque
17	it doesn't have neither rhythm nor bass.	no tiene ni ritmo ni bajo.
19	A while ago,	Hace tiempo,
20	I went to a concert of music classical	fui a un concierto de música clásica
21	and I hated it.	y lo odié.
22	It was very long and it did much cold.	Fue muy largo y hacía mucho frío.
23	I would say that, I find it cool to listen to ballads	Me mola escuchar baladas
24	so that I can sing.	para que pueda cantar.
25	What type of sports and music do you like?	¿Qué tipo de deportes y música te gustan?

Key Text Year 8:

Unit 6, family

1	Hello, how's it going?	Hola, ¿cómo va?
2	Ok, I introduce myself, I'm Mariano	Vale, me presento, soy Mariano
3	and I was born in Montevideo in Uruguay where	y nací en Montevideo en Uruguay donde
4	I live in a house yellow in a neighbourhood old which is called Los Azares.	vivo en una casa amarilla en un barrio antiguo que se llama Los Azares.
5	In my family we are three people:	En mi familia somos tres personas:
6	my father, my stepmother and I.	mi padre, mi madrastra y yo.
7	My father is quite short	Mi padre es bastante bajo
8	and wears glasses.	y lleva gafas.
9	Also he is bald	También es calvo
10	and has a beard.	y tiene una barba.
11	Always he is happy	Siempre es alegre
12	and we get on very well	y nos llevamos muy bien
13	because he treats me with love	porque me trata con cariño
14	and never we fight.	y nunca nos peleamos.
15	He is lawyer and he is very clever and hard-working.	Es abogado y es muy listo y trabajador.
16	Always to me he listens and to me he supports and to me he cares but	Siempre me escucha y me apoya y me cuida pero
17	he doesn't to me give much freedom.	no me da mucha libertad.
18	My stepmother is a redhead and	Mi madrastra es pelirroja y
19	before she used to have freckles and long hair.	antes tenía pecas y el pelo largo .
20	Normally I get on well with her	Normalmente me llevo bien con ella
21	but sometimes she gets in a bad mood	pero a veces se pone de mal humor
22	if I forget to tidy my bedroom.	si olvido arreglar mi dormitorio.
23	She is very chatty but bossy.	Es muy habladora pero mandona.
24	As soon as I can,	En cuanto pueda,
25	when I am older,	cuando sea mayor,
26	I would like to dye and change my hair.	me gustaría tinter y cambiar mi pelo.
27	Tomorrow I'm going to meet up with my cousin and you?	Mañana voy a quedar con mi primo ¿y tú?

Key Text Year 9:
Unit 1, free time

1	Hello, I'm Josefa and I'm from Puerto Rico. I'm Puerto Rican.	Hola, soy Josefa y soy de Puerto Rico. Soy puertorriqueña.
2	I am passionate about playing tennis.	Me apasiona jugar al tenis.
3	That said, hockey bores me.	Dicho eso, me aburre el hockey.
4	I usually do cycling the Thursdays.	Suelo hacer ciclismo los jueves.
5	Nevertheless,	No obstante,
6	last week, I did swimming with my brother younger	la semana pasada, hice natación con mi hermano menor
7	because I get on well with him because he is caring.	porque me llevo bien con él porque es cariñoso.
8	As much as possible, I read books electronics	Lo más posible, leo libros electrónicos
9	in house of my friend	en casa de mi amigo
10	that calls herself Paula, she is very funny.	que se llama Paula, es muy graciosa.
11	For the general, I play the piano the Tuesdays.	Por lo general, toco el piano los martes.
12	The Fridays, I download music and I chat with my friends on the internet.	Los viernes, descargo música y chateo con mis amigos por internet.
13	This week,	Esta semana,
14	I will do my homeworks on the Internet,	haré mis deberes en la Red,
15	I will look for information about the smurfs live for my sister younger	buscaré información sobre los pitufos en directo para mi hermana menor
16	and I will listen a podcast about the reality virtual.	y escucharé un podcast sobre la realidad virtual.
17	Maybe I see a vlog on Youtube about polar bears.	Quizás vea un vlog por Youtube sobre los osos polares.
18	For me, the important is that,	Para mí, lo importante es que
19	my time free is mine.	mi tiempo libre es mío.
20	I my time free, I do	En mi tiempo libre, hago
21	whatever I want or whatever I want.	lo que me dé las ganas o lo que yo quiera.

Key Text Year 9:
Unit 2, future plans

1	Hello, I am Lola and I am from the Canary Islands. I am Spanish.	Hola, soy Lola y soy de las Islas Canarias. Soy española.
2	When I was more young, I wanted to be a princess	Cuando era más joven, quería ser princesa.
3	But now, I want to be psychologist.	Pero ahora, quiero ser psicóloga.
4	Or rather, I hope to be	O sea, espero ser
5	psychiatrist or therapist	psiquiatra o terapeuta
6	because it seems	porque me parece
7	a job vital nowadays.	un trabajo imprescindible hoy en día.
8	I would not like to work as	No me gustaría trabajar como
9	firefighter because it would be stressful	bombrera porque sería estresante.
10	If it were possible, I would love	Si fuera posible, me encantaría
11	to earn a big salary.	ganar un gran sueldo.
12	But, for me, the important will be	Pero, para mí, lo importante será
13	to help others.	ayudar a los demás.
14	In order to be psychologist	Para ser psicóloga
15	I'm going to need	voy a necesitar
16	to master the sciences.	dominar las ciencias.
17	Also, it would be an advantage	También, sería una ventaja
18	to be able to speak another language,	poder hablar otro idioma,
19	so that I could	así que podría
20	work with foreigners or	trabajar con extranjeros o
21	even abroad.	incluso al extranjero.
22	However, I am lacking experience therefore	Sin embargo, me falta experiencia y por eso
23	last week, I went to the doctors	La semana pasada, fui al médico
24	In order to talk about work experience.	para hablar de experiencia laboral.

Spanish Learning Tools:

Spanish Learning Apps:

DuoLingo

Memrise

Quizlet

Youtube channels:

Dreaming Spanish

Mi vida loca

Buena gente

Señor Jordan

Butterfly Spanish Video Ele

Shows/Films on Netflix:

Go! Vive a tu manera

Siempre Bruja

Silvana sin Lana

Music in Spanish