## THE DUSTBN SCHOOL

# Knowledge Organiser Physical Education Year 10 Football

Name:

Form:



## What PE kit do I need?

Black school PE shorts, blue school PE t-shirt, football boots or sturdy trainers, **school blue PE football socks and shin pads**. You may also wish to bring your rugby top or a base layer.

### **Assessment Criteria**

- **3** Can develop improved skills in practice but struggles to apply under the pressure of a game situation.
- **4** Basic level in fundamental skills—passing/control. More involved in game situations.
- 5 Refined passing and receiving skills including lofted and aerial passes. Competent in all core skills.
- 6 Can play a role demonstrating some positional awareness. Knows what to do for basic set plays.
- 7 Influences the game, well developed skill set. Likely school team level.
- 8 Experienced player who leads others. Likely club level player.
- 9 High level of all round skill competence and tactical awareness.

**S8 Social** Inspire and enthuse others around me and take on a range of roles within a group.

**P8 Personal** Accept critical feedback and develop resilience in my learning.

## **Big Questions**

- 1. How can we attack directly and with pace through passing?
- 2. How do I need to play with my head up reading the game around me?
- 3. How can we beat the defender to find space to shoot?
- 4. How do we set our defence whilst maintaining balance?
- 5. What do we mean by defensive balance and cover?
- 6. Do we understand our roles and responsibilities when playing certain positions?

#### <u>Web Links:</u>

Beating defenders:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8XBSak8IUHE

Understanding positions:

https://playerscout.co.uk/football-development/ football-positions/



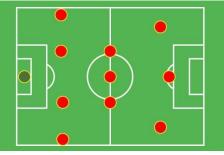


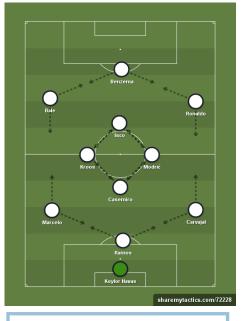
#### Understanding roles and responsibilities

- 4/5 Center Back (CB): Also known as the central defender, center fullback or stopper, this position plays in the middle of the rear defensive line. A 4–4–2 formation will have two center backs, which will hang back to protect the goal.
- 3/2 Fullback (LB, RB): These are the rear defenders on the left and right sides of the field, also referred to as outside fullbacks. They usually play wide to protect the sides of the field, but they can also assist with protecting the center as needed. These players will often move up and down the field to help with offensive plays.
- 3/2 Wingback (LWB, RWB): This position defends like other defensive backs but is a more offensive position, like a winger. They play wide left and right, running up and down the field. This position requires a lot of stamina and can be more physically demanding than other positions.
- 5 Sweeper (SW): This position isn't as common nowadays. When used, this player
  positions themselves between the goalie and the main defensive line. Their job is to
  sweep up any balls that get past the defensive backs. While they typically stay
  behind the other defenders, they can also help take the ball up the field in an
  offensive push.
- 4 or 6 Defensive Midfielder (DM): Also known as a holding midfielder, they play directly in front of the defenders. They are responsible for keeping the ball outside of their zone, intercepting the other team's passes, getting the ball away from the opponent and helping their offensive line by keeping the ball in the other team's zone, managing rebounds and passing forward. In a 3-4-3 formation, the 4 will flank the 6 as the two holding mids.
- 8 Central Midfielder (CM): Often considered the most hardworking role, this player
  has to be ready for action and can play both defensively and offensively, depending on
  where the ball is. They are responsible for distributing the ball to other players, so it's
  vital that they have exceptional ball handling and passing skills. When on the attack,
  they often take long shots on goal to help the offense. To fit a team's strategy, they will
  sometimes line up with the 6 in a more defensive position or with the 10 in a more
  offensive formation.
- 10 Attacking Midfielder (AM): The attacking midfielder sits between the midfield and the offensive line. They must know how to score goals and dribble well to avoid the opponent's defenders. They should attack the ball when the other team is in possession and not hang back like other positions on the field. This position is often seen as the conductor in offensive plays, directing the ball and creating scoring opportunities. They are the playmakers.
- 11/7 Left/Right Midfielder (LM, RM): Also known as wingers or outside midfielders, these players will stay wide, helping pull the opponent's defense to the outside to create space for their offensive line. They should have strong 1-vs.-1 skills as they'll have to get around the other team's left and right fullbacks and/or wingbacks. These players most likely won't have the ball much during a game but will instead look for ways to transition the ball forward via cross passes to offensive teammates or by taking shots on goal themselves. They must hustle and have plenty of stamina to keep up with gameplay. Due to their role on the field, wingers are sometimes grouped into offensive or forward positions.
- 9 Center Forward (CF): Center forwards and strikers can often be synonymous. They must focus on scoring, whether this means dribbling past opponents when they have the ball or ensuring they stay open for a pass when they don't. Being able to head the ball accurately can really come in handy here.
- 9 Striker (S): This player positions themselves nearest to the other team's goal, in front of the center forward. A striker's primary role is to score. Their teammates will try to pass to them often and there is constant pressure from the other team's defense, so they should be fast enough to outrun defenders and possess quick footwork and precise ball handling to be most effective. When the other team's defense is in possession of the ball, strikers should apply pressure to increase the defender's chances of making a mistake.
- 10 Second Striker (SS): When used, they sit right behind the center forward and are mainly responsible for setting up scoring opportunities for other attackers. They should be able to shield the ball from the other team and hold them off while waiting for their teammates to position themselves for a good shot. As with any offensive position, second strikers should shoot on goal when they have the chance and possess good ball skills. Heading can also be very important in this position.

- 1 Goalkeeper
- 2 Right Fullback
- 3- Left Fullback
- 4- Center Back
- 5- Center Back (or Sweeper, if used)
- 6– Defending/Holding Midfielder
  - 7- Right Midfielder/Winger
  - 8- Central/Box-to-Box Midfielder
  - 9- Striker
  - 10- Attacking Midfielder/Playmaker
  - 11- Left Midfielder/Wingers



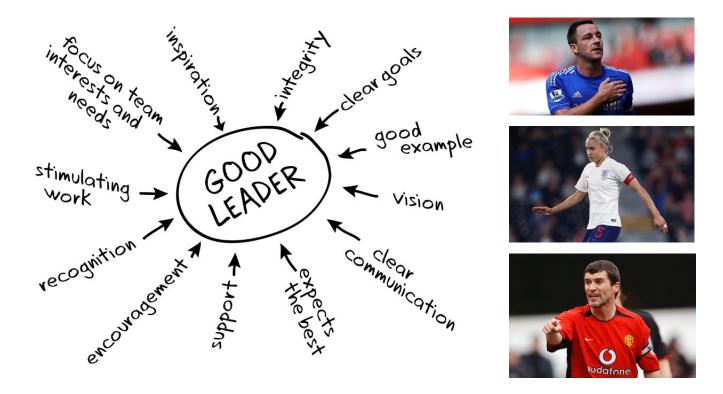




What do you think is the best formation?

What formation do your team use?

What is your best position?



List and justify which you think are the most important 5 characteristics of a good leader.

| Characteristic | Reason |
|----------------|--------|
| 1              |        |
| 2              |        |
| 3              |        |
| 4              |        |
| 5              |        |

## Explain how these are shown on the football pitch? Can you give a real life example?

| How are they shown? | Real life example? |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1                   |                    |
| 2                   |                    |
| 3                   |                    |
| 4                   |                    |
| 5                   |                    |