

Year 9 Spanish Knowledge Booklet

Mi vida diaria

Unit 3

Name:

Class:



Los días de la semana	Days of the week
lunes	<i>Monday</i>
martes	<i>Tuesday</i>
miércoles	<i>Wednesday</i>
jueves	<i>Thursday</i>
viernes	<i>Friday</i>
sábado	<i>Saturday</i>
domingo	<i>Sunday</i>

Los meses del año	Months of the year
enero	<i>January</i>
febrero	<i>February</i>
marzo	<i>March</i>
abril	<i>April</i>
mayo	<i>May</i>
junio	<i>June</i>
julio	<i>July</i>
agosto	<i>August</i>
septiembre	<i>September</i>
octubre	<i>October</i>
noviembre	<i>November</i>
diciembre	<i>December</i>

Los números
1. uno
2. dos
3. tres
4. cuatro
5. cinco
6. seis
7. siete
8. ocho
9. nueve
10. diez
11. once
12. doce
13. trece
14. catorce
15. quince
16. dieciséis
17. diecisiete
18. dieciocho
19. diecinueve
20. veinte
21. veintiuno
22. veintidos
23. veintitres
24. veinticuatro
25. veinticinco
26. veintiseis
27. veintisiete
28. veintiocho
29. veintinueve
30. treinta
31. treinta y uno

El tiempo	The weather
hace sol	<i>it's sunny</i>
hace viento	<i>it's windy</i>
hace frío	<i>it's cold</i>
hace calor	<i>it's hot</i>
está nublado	<i>it's cloudy</i>
está despejado	<i>it's clear</i>
está lloviendo	<i>it's raining</i>
está nevando	<i>it's snowing</i>
hay tormenta	<i>it's stormy</i>

	masculine singular	feminine singular	masculine plural	feminine plural
definite article	el	la	los	las
	the	the	the	the
indefinite article	un	una	unos	unas
	a	a	some	some

Big Questions:

1. ¿Qué sueles hacer durante la semana?

What do you usually do during the week?

2. ¿Qué haces durante el fin de semana?

What do you do at the weekend?

3. ¿Qué vas a hacer mañana?

What are you going to do tomorrow?

Count the letters

Underline the double vowels

Double underline the double letters

Dot the silent h, the throaty g, j, and x

Look at the 'll'

Exaggerate the accents

End Points:		
Reading and listening	Retain knowledge of a selection vocabulary wide enough to gain meaning from an extended text either written or spoken about my daily life .	
	Possess knowledge of Spanish linguistic structures and syntax to be able to understand full extended sentences both written and spoken about my daily life including my daily routine , leisure activities and what I am going to do during the week .	
Writing and Speaking	Acquire knowledge and understanding of present tense in Spanish in order to be able to talk about my daily routine .	
	Have knowledge of reflexive verbs and immediate future to be able to write about my day to day life and future plans in Spanish.	
	Have knowledge of verbs and how to tell the time to be able to say at what time I do things in Spanish.	
	Have knowledge of time phrases to be able to express how often I do things in Spanish.	
	Gain knowledge of Spanish linguistic structures and syntax in order to write an extended text about daily routine including their time preferences, and future plans .	
	Be able to confidently pronounce a short text about daily life independently without support to a level that a native speaker would understand .	
Phonics	Be aware of common phonemes in Spanish to be able to read without support in a comprehensible manner for a native speaker	
	Be able to recognise common phonemes upon hearing them and convey them in a written form to complete dictation tasks successfully.	

Year 9: Key Knowledge Quiz, Term 3

A Top 10 opinions			B Top 10 connectives		
1	I'm passionate about	me apasiona	1	with	con
2	I'm bored by	me aburre	2	nevertheless	no obstante
3	from my point of view	desde mi punto de vista	3	furthermore	además
4	I love	me encanta	4	given that	dado que
5	I used to like	me gustaba	5	since	ya que
6	I prefer	prefiero	6	or	o
7	I think that	pienso que	7	because	porque
8	I believe that	creo que	8	as	como
9	I love	me chifla	9	also	también
10	he/she prefers	prefiere	10	therefore	por eso
C Top 10 VIV's (Very Important Verbs)			D Top 10 future		
1	to have	tener	1	I will travel	viajaré
2	to speak	hablar	2	I want to be	quiero ser
3	to play	jugar	3	I hope to be	espero ser
4	to do	hacer	4	it would be	sería
5	to play	tocar	5	it will be	será
6	to watch	ver	6	I'm going to need	voy a necesitar
7	to finish	terminar	7	I will do	haré
8	to relax	descansar	8	I will look for	buscaré
9	to forget	olvidar	9	I will listen	escucharé
10	to buy	comprar	10	I will go	iré
E Top 10 present tense (1/2)			F Top 10 present tense (2/2)		
1	we do	hacemos	1	I play	toco
2	we spend	pasamos	2	I use	uso
3	I admire	admiro	3	I download	descargo
4	you play	juegas	4	I chat	chateo
5	you play	tocas	5	he/she/it is	es
6	I am	soy	6	I stream	transmito
7	I am lacking	me falta	7	I watch	veo
8	you should	debes	8	I go shopping	voy de compras
9	I usually	suelo	9	it costs	cuesta
10	I read	leo	10	we stay	nos alojamos
G Top 10 advanced structures			H Top 10 past tense		
1	so that I can	para que pueda	1	I drank	bebí
2	I've always dreamed of	siempre he soñado de	2	I went	fui
3	although it is	aunque sea	3	it was	fue
4	when I am older	cuando sea mayor	4	I took	tomé
5	although there is/are	aunque haya	5	I rested	descansé
6	we should	deberíamos	6	I wanted	quería
7	if I were to have the opportunity	si tuviera la oportunidad	7	I did	hice
8	just so you know	para que lo sepas	8	we went	fuimos
9	I don't think that I'll go	no pienso que vaya	9	I bought	compré
10	If it were possible	si fuera posible	10	I ate	comí

Year 9: Key Knowledge Quiz, Term 3

I	Top 10 time phrases		J	Top 10 intensifiers	
1	yesterday	ayer	1	a bit	un poco
2	for the general	por lo general	2	very	muy
3	on Tuesdays	los martes	3	a lot	mucho
4	this weekend	este fin de semana	4	more	más
5	every day	cada día	5	quite	bastante
6	sometimes	a veces	6	nearly	casi
7	from time to time	de vez en cuando	7	super	súper
8	all the time	todo el tiempo	8	less	menos
9	after	después de	9		
10	often	a menudo	10		
K	Top 10 big numbers		L	Top 10 questions	
1	30	treinta	1	What?	¿Qué?
2	1000	mil	2	How?	¿Cómo?
3	40	cuarenta	3	Who?	¿Quién?
4	10	diez	4	Which?	¿Cuál?
5	50	cincuenta	5	Where?	¿Dónde?
6	90	noventa	6	How often?	¿Con qué frecuencia?
7	100	cien	7	Why?	¿Por qué?
8	60	sesenta	8	To where?	¿Adónde?
9	80	ochenta	9	How many?	¿Cuánto?
10	70	setenta	10	When?	¿Cuándo?
M	Top 10 weather		N	Top 10 adjectives (1/2)	
1	it's cold	hace frío	1	pretty	bonito
2	it's hot	hace calor	2	loose	holgado
3	it's sunny	hace sol	3	unhealthy	malsano
4	it's windy	hace viento	4	tasteless	insípido
5	it's nice weather	hace buen tiempo	5	huge	inmenso
6	it's bad weather	hace mal tiempo	6	luxurious	lujoso
7	it's cloudy	está nublado	7	great	genial
8	it's rainy	llueve	8	cool	guay
9	it's stormy	hay tormenta	9	best	mejor
10	it's snowy	nieva	10	amazing	asombroso
O	Top 10 adjectives (2/2)		P	Top 10 negatives	
1	majestic	majestuoso	1	too much	demasiado
2	extremely boring	aburridísimo	2	never	nunca
3	vital	imprescindible	3	never	jamás
4	stressful	estresante	4	neither...nor...	ni...ni...
5	addictive	adictivo	5	I don't think that	no pienso que
6	dangerous	peligroso	6	I would not like	no me gustaría
7	exciting	emocionante	7		
8	moving	emotivo	8		
9	expensive	caro	9		
10	cheap	barato	10		

Key text

1	Hello, I am Valeria and I am from San Javier. I have seventeen years.	Hola, soy Valeria y soy de Panamá. Tengo diecisiete años.
2	All the days, I wake myself up at the six	Todos los días, me despierto a las seis
4	I breakfast very quickly and I get myself dressed.	Desayuno muy rápido y me visto.
5	I go to school on bike.	Voy al instituto en bici.
6	The ends of week,	Los fines de semana
7	I have time free.	tengo tiempo libre.
8	Sometimes, I help to my parents with the chores in house.	A veces, ayudo a mis padres con las tareas en casa.
9	I have to tidy my room and do my homework also.	Tengo que arreglar mi dormitorio y hacer mis deberes también.
10	The Sundays, I sleep until late,	Los domingos, duermo hasta tarde,
11	I watch the TV and after	veo la televisión y después
13	I meet with my friends in the centre.	me quedo con mis amigos en el centro.
14	I myself go to bed at the nine in the night.	Me acuesto a las nueve por la noche.
15	Today, I myself woke up late and I went to the centre	Hoy, me desperté tarde y fui al centro
16	but, tomorrow it will be Monday therefore I'm going to go to school.	pero mañana será lunes así que voy a ir al instituto.
17	I'm going to myself get up early.	Voy a levantarme temprano.
18	What do you do normally?	¿Qué haces normalmente?

1	Hello, I am Valeria and I am from San Javier. I have seventeen years.	H, S V Y S D S J. T D A.
2	All the days, I wake myself up at the six	T L D, M D A L S
4	I breakfast very quickly and I get myself dressed.	D M R Y M V.
5	I go to school on bike.	V A I E B.
6	The ends of week,	L F D S
7	I have time free.	T T L.
8	Sometimes, I help to my parents with the chores in house.	A V, A A M P C L T E C.
9	I have to tidy my room and do my homework also.	T Q A M D Y H M D T.
10	The Sundays, I sleep until late,	L D, D H T,
11	I watch the TV and after	V L T Y D
13	I meet with my friends in the centre.	M Q C M A E E C.
14	I myself go to bed at the nine in the night.	M A A L N P L N.
15	Today, I myself woke up late and I went to the centre	H, M D T Y F A C
16	but, tomorrow it will be Monday therefore I'm going to go to school.	P M S L A Q V A I a I.
17	I'm going to myself get up early.	V A L T.
18	What do you do normally?	¿Q H N?

Top 10s - Week 1 and 2

1	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	I wake up	me despierto		
	I get up	me levanto		
	I eat	como		
	I go to bed	me acuesto		
	I get dressed	me visto		
	I go	voy		
	I help	ayudo		
	I meet with	me quedo con		
	I want	quiero		
	I run	corro		

2	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	by bike	en bici		
	on foot	a pie		
	by bus	en autobús		
	by car	en coche		
	by cable car	en teleférico		
	strict	severo		
	relaxed	relajado		
	kind	simpático		
	unkind	antipático		
	great	genial		

Top 10s - Week 3 and 4

3	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	Monday	lunes		
	Tuesday	martes		
	Wednesday	miércoles		
	Thursday	jueves		
	Friday	viernes		
	Saturday	sábado		
	Sunday	domingo		
	in the morning	por la mañana		
	in the afternoon	por la tarde		
	in the night	por la noche		

4	English	Spanish	Copy 1	Copy 2
	I'm going to do	voy a hacer		
	I'm going to watch	voy a ver		
	I'm going to go	voy a ir		
	I'm going to meet with	voy a quedarme con		
	I'm going to buy	voy a comprar		
	I'm going to get up	voy a levantarme		
	I'm going to go to bed	voy a acostarme		
	I'm going to dance	voy a bailar		
	I'm going to download	voy a descargar		
	I'm going to look for	voy a buscar		

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 1: Year 7 All about me.

1	I call myself Enrique and I have twelve years.	Me llamo Enrique y tengo doce años.
2	My birthday is the nine of October and	Mi cumpleaños es el nueve de octubre y
3	the birthday of my brother is the five of January.	el cumpleaños de mi hermano es el cinco de enero.
4	This year I will have thirteen years	Este año cumpliré trece años
5	I am a bit lazy but very funny.	Soy un poco perezoso pero muy gracioso.
6	I live in Mexico with my family.	Vivo en México con mi familia.
7	My sister is called Julia and	Mi hermana se llama Julia y
8	she annoys me a lot.	me molesta mucho.
9	I wish that she were more nice!	¡ojalá que fuera más simpática!
10	My brother is very tall, good-looking and quite kind,	Mi hermano es muy alto, guapo y bastante simpático,
11	and I get on well with him.	y me llevo bien con él.
12	The week that is coming, I am going to go out	La semana que viene, voy a salir
13	with my friends.	con mis amigos.
14	The week past, I went to the cinema	La semana pasada, fui al cine
15	and I saw a film with my best friend.	y vi una película con mi mejor amigo.
16	Who is your person favourite in your family?	¿Quién es tu persona favorita en tu familia?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 2: Year 7 Free-time

1	Good days, I call myself Juan and I am Spanish.	Buenos días me llamo Juan y soy español.
2	In my time free,	En mi tiempo libre,
3	I have to say that	tengo que decir que
4	I do whatever I want or whatever I fancy.	hago lo que quiero o lo que me da la gana.
5	I love to do sports, but	Me chifla hacer deportes, pero
6	although it is expensive,	aunque sea caro,
7	I prefer to go of shopping	prefiero ir de compras
8	because it is very fun.	porque es muy divertido.
9	The end of week,	El fin de semana,
10	I usually meet up with friends in the park.	suelo quedar con amigos en el parque.
11	My grandma says that	Mi abuela dice que
12	I play too much with my iPhone	juego demasiado con mi iPhone
13	and the networks socials in home. How annoying!	y las redes sociales en casa. ¡Qué pesada!
14	Yesterday I did my homework	Ayer hice mis deberes
15	and I played the videogames in my bedroom.	y jugué a los videojuegos en mi dormitorio.
16	The Sunday that is coming,	El domingo que viene,
17	I am going to visit to my grandma.	voy a visitar a mi abuela.
18	What do you do in your time free?	¿Qué haces en tu tiempo libre?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 3: Year 7 Descriptions.

1	Hello I am Luisa and I have thirteen years.	Hola soy Luisa y tengo trece años.
2	I have the eyes browns	Tengo los ojos marrones
3	and the hair long, curly and black.	y el pelo largo, rizado y negro.
4	I am quite tall and slim	Soy bastante alta y delgada
5	however, before I was small and chubby.	sin embargo, antes era pequeña y gordita.
6	When I am older, I would love to wear glasses	Cuando sea mayor, me encantaría llevar gafas
7	and I want to have the hair red.	y quiero tener el pelo rojo.
8	All the days, I wear jeans	Todos los días, llevo vaqueros
9	but never I wear a jacket.	pero nunca llevo una chaqueta.
10	Yesterday, I wore a skirt pink.	Ayer, llevé una falda rosa.
11	Tomorrow, I am going to wear my uniform.	Mañana, voy a llevar mi uniforme.
15	In my family we are four;	En mi familia somos cuatro;
16	my parents, my brother and I.	mis padres, mi hermano y yo.
17	My mother is tall, pretty and very generous.	Mi madre es alta, bonita y muy generosa.
18	My father has forty and five years and	Mi padre tiene cuarenta y cinco años y
19	also he is bald. He is a little chubby.	también es calvo. Es un poco gordito.
21	What are you like?	¿Cómo eres?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 4: Year 7 Where I live and travel

1	Hello I am Ximena and	Hola soy Ximena y
2	I have fourteen years. I live in	tengo catorce años. Vivo en
3	a small flat above a fruit shop	un piso pequeño sobre una frutería
4	in the neighbourhood western.	en el barrio occidental.
5	My best friend Anna lives in	Mi mejor amiga Anna vive en
6	a house big in the countryside.	una casa grande en el campo.
7	When I am older, I would like	Cuando sea mayor, me gustaría
8	to live like her.	vivir como ella.
9	The year last I went on	El año pasado fui de
10	holiday with Anna	vacaciones con Anna
11	and her family to Germany	y su familia a Alemania.
12	We visited the city capital	Visitamos la ciudad principal
13	and we saw many places historical.	y vimos muchos lugares históricos.
14	I like a lot Berlin because	Me gusta mucho Berlín porque
15	it makes a lot cold in winter and	hace mucho frío en invierno y
16	a lot hot in summer.	mucho calor en verano.
17	Also I want to visit to Switzerland	También quiero visitar Suiza
18	because there are many	porque hay muchas
19	mountains beautiful.	montañas preciosas.
20	Anna is English but her mum is from France	Anna es inglesa pero su madre es de Francia.
21	She is French.	Es francesa.
22	Which is your nationality?	¿Cuál es tu nacionalidad?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 5: Year 7 Food and Drink

1	Hello, I call myself Bruno, I am Venezuelan.	Hola, me llamo Bruno, soy venezolano.
2	I love the food.	Me encanta la comida.
3	Always I want food Mexican	Siempre quiero comida mexicana
4	because I love the spicy.	porque me chifla el picante.
5	Normally I breakfast beans, cheese and bread.	Normalmente desayuno frijoles, queso y pan.
6	However, I have to say that,	Sin embargo, tengo que decir que,
7	sometimes I take (have) churros with chocolate.	a veces tomo churros con chocolate.
8	I would say that I am a person healthy but	Diría que soy una persona sana pero
9	never I eat salads because they are tasteless. How gross!	jamás como ensaladas porque son insípidas. ¡Qué asco!
10	My mum says that	Mi madre dice que
11	we should eat	deberíamos comer
12	more fruits and vegetables but	más frutas y verduras pero
13	in my judgement, the food junk is delicious.	a mi juicio, la comida basura es deliciosa.
14	If I can, always I dinner burgers.	Si puedo, siempre ceno hamburguesas.
15	Yesterday, I ate garlic prawns	Ayer, comí gambas al ajillo
16	and I drank a lemonade.	y bebí una limonada fresca.
17	When I am older,	Cuando sea mayor,
18	I am going to eat less food unhealthy.	voy a comer menos comida malsana.
19	With what frequency do you eat food junk?	¿Con qué frecuencia comes comida basura?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 1: Year 8 School

1	Good morning, I am Adriana and I am from Peru, I am Peruvian.	Buenos días, soy Adriana y soy de Perú, soy peruana.
2	I attend a school mixed and public	Asisto a un instituto mixto y público
3	which is called Santa María.	que se llama Santa María.
4	All the days,	Todos los días,
5	I enter at the seven and half	entro a las siete y media
6	what a nightmare!	¡qué pesadilla!
7	My day school finishes at the four and ten.	Mi día escolar termina a las cuatro y diez.
8	In my school, there are two thousand students and	En mi insti, hay dos mil alumnos y
9	it is modern and huge because	es moderno e inmenso porque
10	we have many facilities.	tenemos muchas instalaciones.
11	There are three canteens, a new gym and a playground.	Hay tres cafeterías, un nuevo gimnasio y un patio.
12	My subject favourite is history	Mi asignatura favorita es historia
13	because it is fascinating.	porque es fascinante.
14	My teacher of English is neither kind nor patient.	Mi profesor de inglés no es ni simpático ni paciente.
15	That which most I like is	Lo que más me gusta es
16	the court of volleybol	la pista de voleibol
17	When I was more young,	Cuando era más joven,
18	I used to hate Maths.	odiaba las matemáticas .
19	If I were to have the opportunity,	Si tuviera la oportunidad,
20	I would like to go to university	me gustaría ir a la universidad
21	and I am interested in studying the sciences	y me interesa estudiar las ciencias
22	Why do you like the school?	¿Por qué te gusta el insti?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 2: Year 8 Holidays

1	Hello, I'm Salvador and I'm Chilean	Hola, soy Salvador y soy chileno.
2	Just so you know,	Para que lo sepas,
3	my activity favourite is to go on holiday.	mi actividad favorita es ir de vacaciones.
4	Personally, I find cool travelling on plane.	Personalmente, me mola viajar en avión.
5	Every summer, I travel to the States United with my parents.	Cada verano, viajo a los Estados Unidos con mis padres.
6	We stay in a hotel luxurious and	Nos alojamos en un hotel lujoso y
7	we do tourism.	hacemos turismo.
8	We spend it great! (We have a great time!)	¡Lo pasamos genial!
9	The year past, I went on holiday to Uruguay,	El año pasado, fui de vacaciones a Uruguay,
10	it was super cool.	fue súper guay.
11	The beaches were beautiful and	Las playas eran preciosas y
12	I took the sun all the time.	tomé el sol todo el tiempo.
13	I did sailing and then	Hice vela y luego
14	I relaxed on the beach.	descansé en la playa.
15	This August, I don't think that I go to the abroad.	Este agosto, no pienso que vaya al extranjero.
16	What a pity!	¡Qué pena!
17	Nevertheless, I will go to the south of England	No obstante, iré al sur de Inglaterra
18	in order to attend to a festival of music.	para asistir a un festival de música.
19	I will travel in car with my best friend	Viajaré en coche con mi mejor amigo
20	and we are going to sleep in a tent.	y vamos a dormir en una tienda.
21	It will be of mad!	¡Será de locos!
22	Where did you go on holiday?	¿Adónde fuiste de vacaciones?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 3: Year 8 Music and Sports Events

1	Hello, I'm David and I am from Cuba. I am Cuban.	Hola, soy David y soy de Cuba. Soy cubano.
2	I am crazy about the sports.	Me flipan los deportes.
3	Therefore, I think that	Así que, pienso que
4	the games olympic	los juegos olímpicos
5	and other events sportings are amazing.	y otros acontecimientos deportivos son asombrosos.
6	I'm going to go to a tournament national of diving soon and	Voy a ir a un torneo nacional de buceo pronto y
7	I will go with my best friend.	iré con mi mejor amigo.
8	If it were possible,	Si fuera posible,
9	I would love	me encantaría
10	to attend a match of football because	asistir a un partido de fútbol porque
11	my dream is to be footballer.	mi sueño es ser futbolista.
12	The players professionals are majestic and	Los jugadores profesionales son majestuosos y
13	I admire a lot to the captain.	admiro mucho al capitán.
14	As for music, I am irritated by the music metallic because	En cuanto a la música, me irrita la música metálica porque
15	it doesn't have neither rhythm nor bass.	no tiene ni ritmo ni contrabajo.
16	A while ago,	Hace tiempo,
17	I went to a concert of music classical	fui a un concierto de música clásica
18	and I hated it.	y lo odié.
19	It was very long and extremely boring.	Fue muy largo y aburridísimo.
20	I find it cool to listen to ballads	Me mola escuchar baladas
21	so that I can sing.	Porque así puedo cantar .
22	How many sports do you play or instruments you play?	¿Cuántos deportes juegas o qué instrumentos tocas?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 4: Year 8 Future Aspirations

1	Hello, I am Lola and I am from the Canary Islands. I am Spanish.	Hola, soy Lola y soy de las Islas Canarias. Soy española.
2	When I was more young, I wanted to be a princess	Cuando era más joven, quería ser princesa.
3	But now, I want to be psychologist.	Pero ahora, quiero ser psicóloga.
4	Or rather, I hope to be	O tal vez , espero ser
5	psychiatrist or therapist	psiquiatra o terapeuta
6	because it seems to me	porque me parece
7	a job vital nowadays.	un trabajo imprescindible hoy en día.
8	I would not like to work as	No me gustaría trabajar como
9	firefighter because it would be stressful	bombrera porque sería estresante.
10	If it were possible, I would love	Si fuera posible, me encantaría
11	to earn a big salary.	ganar un gran sueldo.
12	But, for me, the important will be	Pero, para mí, lo importante será
13	to help others.	ayudar a los demás.
14	In order to be psychologist	Para ser psicóloga
15	I'm going to need	voy a necesitar
16	to master the sciences.	dominar las ciencias.
17	Also, it would be an advantage	También, sería una ventaja
18	to be able to speak another language,	poder hablar otro idioma,
19	so that I could	así que podría
20	work with foreigners or	trabajar con extranjeros o
21	even abroad.	incluso en el extranjero.
22	However, I am lacking experience and therefore	Sin embargo, me falta experiencia y por eso
23	last week, I went to the doctors	la semana pasada, fui al centro de salud
24	in order to talk about experience work.	para hablar sobre prácticas laborales.
25	When do you think you should work?	¿Cuándo piensas que deberías trabajar?

KEY TEXT FOR TERM 5: Year 8 Hobbies, free-time & technology

1	Hello, I'm Josefa and I'm from Puerto Rico.	Hola, soy Josefa y soy de Puerto Rico.
2	I am passionate about playing tennis.	Me apasiona jugar al tenis.
3	That said, hockey bores me.	Dicho eso, me aburre el hockey.
4	I usually do cycling the Thursdays.	Suelo hacer ciclismo los jueves.
5	Nevertheless, last week	No obstante, la semana pasada
6	I did swimming with my brother younger	hice natación con mi hermano menor
7	As much as possible,	Siempre que puedo,
8	I read books electronic	leo libros electrónicos
9	in house of my friend.	en casa de mi amiga.
10	For the general, I play piano the Tuesdays.	Por lo general, toco el piano los martes.
11	Always I have dreamed of playing an instrument.	Siempre he soñado con tocar un instrumento.
12	I use a lot of technology every day.	Uso mucha tecnología cada día.
13	I download music and I chat with my friends	Descargo música y chateo con mis amigos
14	on the networks socials.	en las redes sociales.
15	This end of week,	Este fin de semana,
16	I will do my homeworks	haré mis deberes
17	and I will look for information on the network (internet)	y buscaré información en la Red
18	Furthermore, I will listen to a podcast	Además, escucharé un podcast
19	about the reality virtual and AI.	sobre la realidad virtual y IA.
20	Some people say that	Algunas personas dicen que
21	the technology is addictive, unhealthy and dangerous.	la tecnología es adictiva, malsana y peligrosa.
22	But from my point of view,	Pero desde mi punto de vista,
23	it is convenient and necessary.	es conveniente y necesaria.

Key text for term 1: Year 9 Las compras

1	Hello, I am Manuel and I am from Bilbao. I am Spanish.	Hola, soy Manuel y soy de Bilbao. Soy español.
2	I love to go shopping.	Me chifla ir de compras.
3	Often, I go shopping with my friends after the school.	A menudo, voy de compras con mis amigos después del instituto.
4	I prefer to go to the bakery in order to buy a cake.	Prefiero ir a la panadería para comprar un pastel.
5	That said, my dad prefers to go to the supermarket	Dicho eso, mi padre prefiere ir al supermercado
6	because it is more cheap.	porque es más barato.
7	Yesterday, I went to the centre shopping with my cousin.	Ayer, fui al centro comercial con mi primo.
8	I asked to the assistant of sales:	Pregunté al representante de ventas:
9	'How much does it cost the shirt? It is very pretty'.	'¿Cuánto cuesta la camisa? Es muy bonita'.
10	He replied 'It is loose-fitting. You need the size medium. It costs 20 euros'	Respondió 'Es holgada. Necesitas la talla mediana. Cuesta veinte euros.'
11	'Thank you. And, where is the theater please?'	'Gracias. Y ¿Dónde está el teatro por favor?'
12	To me he told 'It is to the left, after of the church'	Me dijo 'está a la izquierda, después de la iglesia'.
13	Then, we went to a restaurant Italian.	Luego, fuimos a un restaurante italiano.
14	I asked, 'Do you have a table for two people?'	Pregunté, '¿tiene una mesa para dos personas?'
15	We had a great time.	Lo pasamos genial.
16	Tomorrow, I will go to the centre shopping	Mañana, iré al centro comercial
17	since that I want to buy	ya que quiero comprar
18	buy new shoes of sports.	nuevas zapatillas de deportes.
19	Do you like to go shopping?	¿Te gusta ir de compras?

Will Spain ever ban bullfighting?



Bullfighting in some form or other has existed in Spain since at least Roman times, and the most typical current format involving a matador with a cape and sword took its definitive shape in the 18th Century.

"It's a cultural tradition. As something for which I risk my life for on a regular basis, it demands respect and bullfighting is going through a crucial time," says Juan Diego Vicente, current president of Spain's Bullfighters' Union (UT).

According to government figures, only 9.5% of Spaniards went to a bullfighting event, either professional or amateur, in 2015.

"We are convinced that bullfighting is literally dying on its feet, and the prohibition that was achieved in Catalonia will become a reality in the rest of Spain," argues Silvia Barquero, leader of Pacma, the country's leading animal rights party.

Pacma attracted over a million votes in Spain's general election in June, although it failed to win any seats.

"Society has undergone a fundamental change. Spaniards no longer identify with bullfights, but, on the contrary, they consider them to be grave cases of animal abuse," argues Ms Barquero.

Wider Reading 2

Spanish Civil War

The Spanish Civil War started in July 1936. It was between the leftist Republicans, who were in government at the time, and the Nationalists. The right wing Nationalists were led by the army and had the support of the Catholic Church, monarchists and large landowners.

There were a number of issues that directly led to the outbreak of the Spanish Civil War. The greatest of these was the long period of decline that Spain had suffered since the days of the Spanish Empire. By 1930 Spain had lost all of her empire and was lagging behind the rest of Europe industrially. The monarchy was overthrown and the Second Empire formed in 1930. This government proved to be completely inept at carrying out reforms and maintaining law and order.

Divisions continued to widen between the towns and the countryside and the wealthy landowners and peasants. Many areas of the country wanted to have their own government and wanted independence from the rest of Spain. The Church was one of the most powerful forces in the country and it was strongly opposed to social reform therefore it was vehemently opposed to the Republican government. The army had always had a history of meddling in the country's politics. The senior commanders were constantly worried about the amount of influence that Communists had in the government and were concerned that there might eventually be a Communist takeover. Violence had always been an inherent part of all attempts at democratic elections. Quite often the genuine results were altered due to intimidation and other tactics. Spain was quite literally ready to explode and the final spark that lit the fuse of war was the assassination of the right wing leader, Calvo Sotelo, in July 1936.

One of the main reasons General Franco and the Nationalists were victorious after three years of war was that the army was on their side. The Republicans did manage to train their own troops and they had become a good fighting force by the end of the conflict but it was not enough against the professional soldiers. There were some soldiers who defected from the army and went to fight for the Republicans but they were often suspected of being spies for the Nationalists and their expertise was not made use of. General Franco had taken all of the various Nationalist groups and unified them into a far stronger force than the Republicans. He also had far more support from other countries than the Nationalists did. Germany and Italy provided troops and equipment throughout the war.

Wider Reading 3

At COP26, Pedro Sánchez announces that Spain will increase climate finance

The President of the Government of Spain, Pedro Sánchez, in November 2021, took part in the first plenary session of speeches by Heads of State and Government at the 26th edition of the United Nations Climate Change Conference (COP26).

The Conference is marked by the impact of the pandemic and the uneven access of countries to COVID-19 vaccines.

President Sánchez spoke first during the segment dedicated to presentations by national leaders, as a gesture of recognition of Spain's leadership on climate change, reflected in the approval of a Climate Change and Energy Transition Law; the decision to allocate almost 30 billion euros from the Recovery Plan to ecological transition; and Spain's organisation of COP25 in Madrid, following Chile's resignation, at a very difficult time in the fight against climate alarm.

Pedro Sánchez recalled that, since the last conference held in the Spanish capital in 2019, "the certainty of the catastrophic risks" of the climate emergency is growing.

Greater ambition

In light of this scientific evidence, the President of the Government of Spain has called for "greater ambition" in the goals of the fight against climate change and "backing" these goals with economic resources, so that society perceives the ecological transition "not as a threat, but as a great engine of inclusive economic growth".

The fulfilment of the goal of financing the poorest countries with 100 billion dollars per year so that they too can join the energy transition is one of the "litmus tests of COP26" in terms of "restoring trust between the countries of the North and the South. Spain will do its part", assured the President of the Government of Spain.

In line with this goal, Sánchez has announced that Spain will increase climate finance in order to reach 2025 with a 50% increase in the current commitment. "Our aim is to reach 1.35 billion euros per year from 2025" in financial aid to less developed countries, so that they can face a sustainable and just energy transition, said the President.

To this commitment, Spain will also add the donation of 20% of its new Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) to vulnerable countries: a minimum of 350 million to the IMF's Poverty Reduction Facility and the rest to the new Resilience and Sustainability Fund, once it has been created.

Spanish Learning Tools:

Spanish Learning Apps:

DuoLingo

Memrise

Quizlet

Youtube channels:

Dreaming Spanish

Mi vida loca

Buena gente

Señor Jordan

Butterfly Spanish Video Ele

Shows/Films on Netflix:

Go! Vive a tu manera

Siempre Bruja

Silvana sin Lana

Music in Spanish

